





# x900 Gigabit Series











## Advanced Gigabit Layer 3+ Expandable Switches

The x900 Layer 3+ switches have high-speed 60Gbps expansion bays which provide a high level of port flexibility and application versatility, unmatched by any other IRU Gigabit Ethernet switch on the market.

VCStack™ provides excellent **resiliency** by allowing you to create a single "virtual chassis" from two physical devices. VCStack delivers a resilient core at a fraction of the cost of a full chassis-based system, and it allows you to manage the stack as a single node on the network, greatly simplifying your management tasks.

The x900 Layer 3+ switches utilize a sophisticated, **highly modular design**, allowing growth in response to network demands. There is a comprehensive range of hot-swappable copper and fiber expansion modules (XEMs) available, from 10/100/1000Mbps to 10 Gigabit Ethernet (10GbE). Dual redundant Power Supply Units (PSUs) are also hot-swappable, adding to the impressive list of high-availability

features.

The x900 Layer 3+ switches run the advanced AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> Layer 3 Fully Featured Operating System delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard CLI. AlliedWare Plus is Allied Telesis' next generation operating system, providing advanced IPv4 and IPv6 features and even greater robustness and ease of management.

### What's new?

- XEM-2XS
- Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) Lite
- Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv3)
- TACACS+ Authentication For more information, go to page 3

### Key Features

Resilient - VCStack provides fast failover for uninterrupted network service. Sophisticated high availability features ensure traffic flow continues even during outages.

Scalable - Add more XEMs as your network grows. Create a VCStack to increase port density and resiliency without increasing management complexity.

Reliable - Hot-swappable XEMs, redundant hot-swappable PSUs ensure no network interruptions during maintenance or reconfiguration.

High-performing - Non-blocking architecture and superior QoS ensure wire-speed delivery of all your critical IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. The x900 family is 'IPv6 Ready' phase 2 certified.

Easy to manage - The industry standard CLI reduces training requirements, and each VCStack appears as one virtual chassis with a single IP address to simplify management.

Secure - Advanced security features protect your network - from the edge to the core. Network Access Control (NAC) gives unprecedented control over user access to your network.

#### Resilient

VCStack provides fast failover for uninterrupted network service. High availability features ensure traffic flow continues even during outages.

#### **VCStack**

VCStack delivers a resilient core at a fraction of the cost of a full chassis-based system. You can create a single "virtual chassis" from two physical devices. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact should one of the stacked units fail. You can aggregate switch ports on different units, for excellent high availability.

### Control Plane Prioritization (CPP)

Ensure maximal performance and prevent network outages with CPP. CPP prevents the Control Plane from becoming flooded in the event of a network storm or Denial of Service (DoS) attack.

### Scalable

Add more XEMs as your network grows. Add more devices to a VCStack to increase port density and resiliency without increasing management complexity.

Our high speed XEMs provide both copper and fiber connectivity, delivering the ultimate in flexibility. XEM options are:

- AT-XEM-IXP I x I0GbE (XFP) port
- AT-XEM-2XP 2 x 10GbE (XFP) ports
- AT-XEM-2XS 2 x IOGbE (SFP+) ports
- AT-XEM-2XT 2 x IOGbE (RJ-45) ports
- AT-XEM-12S 12 x 100/1000BASE-X SFP ports
- AT-XEM-12T 12 x 10/100/1000BASE-T (RJ-45) ports
- AT-XEM-STK 2 x high speed stacking ports

All XEMs provide non-blocking performance. XEMs are ideal for aggregating gigabit to the desktop or for gigabit uplinks from Fast Ethernet switches.

#### Reliable

Hot-swappable XEMs, redundant hot-swappable PSUs and replaceable fans ensure no network interruptions during maintenance or reconfiguration.

10GbE expansion modules and hotswappable XFPs provide high-speed, high-capacity fiber uplinks, with the option of either 10Gbps or 20Gbps uplink capacity to the network core.

The x900 Layer 3+ switches operate with one PSU - installing a second PSU provides redundancy. Internal PSUs eliminate the need for an external Redundant Power Supply (RPS) that occupies valuable rack space. Built-in redundancy guarantees the continued delivery of essential services. The x900 switches also feature front-to-back cooling, maximising their reliability.

### High-performing

Non-blocking architecture and superior QoS ensure wire-speed delivery of all your critical IPv4 and IPv6 traffic.

### Ethernet Protected Switched Rings (EPSRing™)

EPSR and 10 GbE modules allow several x900-24X switches to form a protected ring with 50ms failover. This feature is perfect for high performance at the core of enterprise or provider access networks.

#### Wire speed switching

The x900 Layer 3+ switches have fully non-blocking switching on all ports, so IPv4 Layer 2 switching and Layer 3 routing occur at wire speed. This is ideal for high-end server deployments, and when aggregating gigabit connections.

#### Aggregation at Layer 2 and Layer 3

A large L3 route table provides support for thousands of IP interfaces, essential when aggregating complex IP networks.

#### Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wire-speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Enjoy boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical Ethernet services and applications. Time-critical services like voice and video applications take precedence over non-essential services like file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications. Unmatched QoS accuracy is achieved with a bandwidth limit resolution down to TKbps, which is ideal for precise control of Enterprise desktop-based VoIP applications.

### Easy to manage

The industry standard CLI reduces training requirements, and each VCStack appears as one virtual chassis with a single IP address to simplify management.

The x900 Layer 3+ switches run the advanced AlliedWare Plus™ Layer 3 Fully Featured Operating System delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard CLI. Using VCStack allows stacked devices to appear as a single node on the network, greatly simplifying your management.

Administrators can choose from a range of secure remote management options including SNMPv3 and SSH.

#### sFlow

sFlow is an industry standard technology for monitoring high speed switched networks. It gives complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defence against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

#### Secure

Advanced security features protect your network - from the edge to the core.

#### Network Access Control (NAC)

NAC allows for unprecedented control over user access to the network, in order to mitigate threats to network infrastructure. The x900 Layer 3+ switches support NAC by using 802. Ix port-based authentication in partnership with standards-compliant dynamic VLAN assignment to enable a user's adherence to the network's security policies to be assessed and authentication either granted or remediation offered.

Allied Telesis NAC also supports alternatives to 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access, and MAC authentication for end points that do not have an 802.1x supplicant. Furthermore, if multiple users share a port then multi-authentication can be used and a Guest VLAN (also known as Default VLAN) can be configured to provide a catch-all for users without an 802.1x supplicant. As well as supporting a RADIUS client for remote authentication, the x900 Layer 3+ switches have a built-in RADIUS server for local authentication.

Additional security features include a full RADIUS client and server implementation for remote and local user authentication, Private VLANs to provide port isolation when multiple customer use the same VLAN, and STP Root Guard to protect against an unauthorised device becoming the STP Root Bridge.

### What's new?

#### XEM-2XS

High speed SFP+ expansion module providing non-blocking IOGBE connectivity.

### Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) Lite

VRF-Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single router into multiple independent virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure.

#### Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv3)

OSPF is a scalable and adaptive routing protocol for IP networks. The addition of OSPFv3 adds support for IPv6 and further strengthens the Allied Telesis focus on next generation networking.

### Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+) Authentication

TACACS+ provides access control for network users from a centralised server. Authentication is carried out via communication between the local switch and a TACACS+ server to check the credentials of users seeking network access.

## Key Solution - Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack)

### VCStack - Resiliency and Stability

Today's enterprises rely on Information Technology resources and applications to access business-critical information, and for day-to-day work. A high-availability infrastructure is now of paramount importance, starting with a resilient network core. The Allied Telesis expandable x900 series switches provide the ideal solution - without the expense of a full chassis. With the benefits of high availability, increased capacity and ease of management, VCStack makes networking reliable and simple.

Using Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack) at the core of your network allows multiple switches to appear as a single virtual chassis. In normal operation, this virtual chassis acts as a single switch, simplifying management. The diagram below shows link aggregation between the core VCStack and the edge switches. With link aggregation across ports on different virtual chassis members, there is no perceptible disruption in the case of a link failure, and the full bandwidth of the network is available. Fast Failover ensures absolutely minimal network downtime in the event of a problem.

VCStack and link aggregation provide a solution where network resources are spread across the virtual chassis members, ensuring device and path resiliency. Virtualization of the network core ensures access to information when you need it.

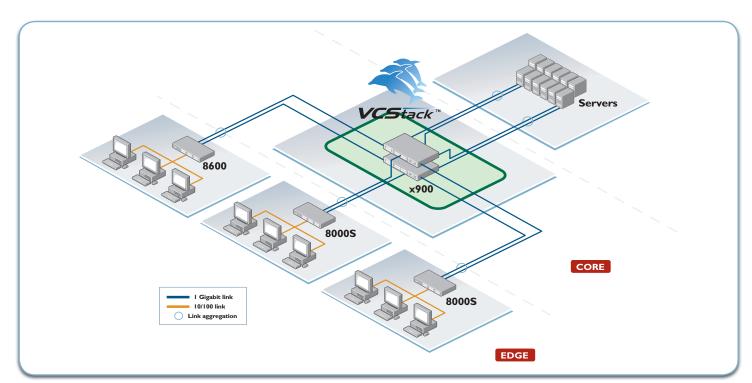


Diagram 1: Resilient Core

## Key Solution - Ethernet Protection Switching Ring (EPSR)

### EPSR - Resiliency and Fault Tolerance

The increased convergence of services and applications in the enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. High bandwidth is also required for the multiple applications simultaneously using the network. Real-time applications like surveillance, video streaming and voice over IP (VoIP) are used right alongside data and Internet access.

When you want a high-performing, resilient network for your enterprise core, using EPSR with the Allied Telesis SwitchBlade x908 and x900 series switches provides the ideal solution. EPSR creates a high-speed resilient ring that can utilize today's maximum Ethernet standard of IOGbps, and provide extremely fast failover between nodes. EPSR enables rings to recover within as little as 50ms, preventing a node or link failure from affecting customer experience, even with demanding applications such as IP telephony and video monitoring.

The below diagram shows a corporate network based on a central EPSR ring. The inclusion of Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack) technology at the core of the network adds a further layer of resiliency, increasing the availability of critical resources.

Now that technology has made high-availability and high-bandwidth so accessible; corporate business, education providers and other enterprise network users can enjoy the benefits that EPSR has to offer. By ensuring always-available online applications and resources, this advanced self-healing network technology meets the insatiable demand for information at the fingertips.

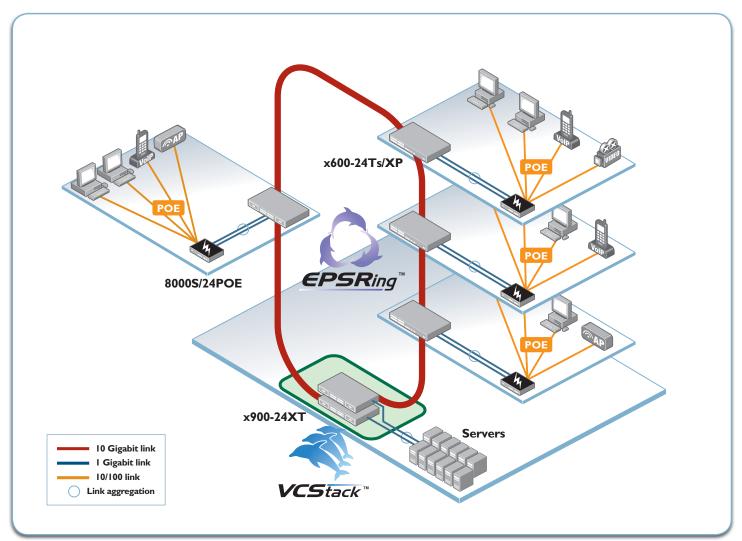


Diagram 2: Corporate EPSR network

### The x900 Gigabit Series:

#### x900-24XT

2 x 60Gbps expansion bays  $24 \times 10/100/1000$ BASE-T (RJ-45) copper ports

NEBS Compliant<sup>1</sup>

2 x 60Gbps expansion bays

 $24 \times 10/100/1000$ BASE-T (RJ-45) copper ports

#### x900-24XS

2 x 60Gbps expansion bays  $24 \times 100/1000$ BASE-X SFP ports

#### x900-12XT/S

I x 60Gbps expansion bay

12 x combo ports (10/100/1000BASE-T copper or SFP)

### Performance

- Forwarding Rate: x900-24X: 110.1Mpps<sup>2</sup> ×900-12XT/S: 62.5Mpps3
- Switching Fabric: x900-24X: 168Gbps x900-12XT/S: 84Gbps
- Extensive wire-speed traffic classification for ACLs and OoS
- Supports IOKB Jumbo frame size for data center and server aggregation applications
- · Wire-speed multicasting
- Up to 256K IPv4 routes
- Up to 16K MAC addresses
- Up to 4K layer 2 multicast groups
- 4K layer 3 interfaces
- Up to 1K layer 3 IPv4 multicast groups
- 4KVLANs
- 512MB DDR SDRAM
- Separate packet buffer memory
- 64MB Flash Memory

### Reliability

• MTBF:

### x900-24X

With I PSU and I fan module: 93,700 hours With 2 PSUs: 249,400 hours (calculated using Telcordia SR-332 (Issue I, May 200 I) at 25°C ambient operating temperature)

#### x900-12XT/S - 103,000 hours

- Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- The x900-24X switches feature dual hot swappable PSUs with I + I redundancy
- Dual feed support a separate power circuit can feed each power supply providing extra reliability
- Hot-swappable XEMs
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages, with SNMP traps to alert network managers in case of failure
- NEBS (Network Equipment Building System) is a series of safety and conformance standards applied to telecommunications equipment in North America.

   With one XEM-2XP and one stacking module installed
- 3 With one stacking module installed.

### Power Characteristics

- AC Voltage: 100 to 240V (+/-10% auto ranging)
- Frequency: 47 to 63Hz
- DC Voltage: : 40 to 60V

### Power Consumption

#### x900-24X

With I PSU and I fan module: 110 Watts (375 BTU/hr) With 2 PSUs and 2 XEM-IXP modules: 191 Watts (652 BTU/hr)

#### x900-12XT/S

With I XEM-12: 104 Watts (355 BTU/hr) With no XEM: 68 Watts (232 BTU/hr)

### **Environmental Specifications**

- · Operating Temperature Range: x900-24X 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F) x900-12XT/S 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) Derated by I°C per 305 Meters (1000ft)
- Storage Temperature Range: -30°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating Relative Humidity Range: 5% to 80% non-condensing
- Storage Relative Humidity Range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Altitude: 3,050 Meters max (10,000ft)

### Expandability

- 2 high speed 60Gbps expansion bays
- IPv6 routing License option
- · Advanced Layer 3 license option

### Flexibility and compatibility

- 60Gbps expansion bays supporting a choice of modules, including 1x 10GbE, 2 x 10GbE, 12 × IGbE (SFP), and I2 × IGbE (RI45) for port flexibility and application versatility
- XEM modules are compatible with the SwitchBlade x908 Layer 3 modular switch
- Gigabit SFP ports will support any combination of 10/100/1000BASE-T, 100BASE-X, or 1000BASE-X SFPs 100BASE-FX, 100BASE-BX, 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX, 1000BASE-ZX or 1000BASE-ZX CWDM SFPs

### Resiliency

- STP, RSTP, MSTP (802.1s)
- Up to 31Link Aggregation (802.3ad) groups
- Up to 255 VRRP groups
- Up to 16 EPSR domains
- · Dynamic Link Failover
- Thrash Limiting
- · Loop Detection
- VCStack Fast Failover

### Routing

- Up to 5K RIP routes
- Up to 15K OSPF routes (with license)
- Up to 8K OSPFv3 routes (with license)
- Up to 5K BGP routes (with license)
- Up to 5K RIPng routes (with license)
- Route Maps
- VRF-Lite (with license)

### VLAN support

- Supports 4096 VLANs
- Supports 4096 IP interfaces
- VLAN Double Tagging

### Security

- Private VLANs, providing security and port isolation of multiple customers using the same
- 802.1x support (including multi-supplicant)
- MAC-based Authentication
- Web-based Authentication
- Dynamic VLAN Assignment
- DHCP Snooping
- Strong Passwords
- NAC
- BPDU Protection
- STP Root Guard
- Local RADIUS server
- TACACS+ Authentication

### Quality of Service

- Policy based QoS features
- Highly configurable traffic classification
- · Extensive remarking capabilities, to fit in with any network's QoS scheme
- Control plane traffic prioritization
- · Mixed scheduling, to support complex traffic queuing requirements
- 8 QoS queues per port
- Two-rate three-color (green, yellow, red) bandwidth metering, with burst sizes for improved TCP-IP bandwidth limiting performance and bandwidth resolution down to IKbps
- · Low switching latency essential for Voice over IP (VoIP) and real-time streaming media applications

## **Management**

- Out of band 10/100/1000 Ethernet management port and console management port, both on the front panel for ease of access
- An SD/SDHC memory card socket on the front panel, allowing software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other switches
- · Port mirroring • SSH and SNMPv3 for secure management
- Local RADIUS database and RADIUS Authentication
- RMON (4 groups)
- Broadcast Forwarding to allow the switch broadcast packets to reach across subnets.
- IP Helper enables broadcasts from clients in different subnets to be relayed to their destination, instead of being blocked at the switch
- sFlow

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### Physical Dimensions

Model	Height	Width	Depth	Mounting
×900-24X	44.5mm	440mm	440mm	IRU
×900-12XT/S	44.5mm	440mm	350mm	IRU
XEM	45mm	109mm	253mm	n/a
PSU	40mm	84mm	299mm	n/a

### Weights

Product	Configuration	Weight
x900-24X	With I PSU and I fan module, unpackaged	7.3 kg
	With I PSU and I fan module, packaged	8.8 kg
	With 2 PSUs and 2 XEM-IXP modules, unpackaged	9.3 kg
	With 2 PSUs and 2 XEM-1XP modules, packaged	10.8 kg
x900-12XT/S	No XEM, unpackaged	5.3 kg
	No XEM, packaged	7.9 kg
	With XEM-IXP, unpackaged	6 kg
	With XEM-IXP, packaged	8.6 kg
AT-PWR01	AC, unpackaged	l kg
	AC, packaged	1.8 kg
	DC, unpackaged	l kg
	DC, packaged	1.5 kg
AT-FAN0I	Unpackaged	0.6 kg
	Packaged	1.4 kg
XEM	Unpackaged	0.82 kg
	Packaged	1.4 kg
PSU	Unpackaged	1.32 kg
	Packaged with I cable	1.9 kg

### Electrical Approvals and Compliances

EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A

Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) - AC models only

NEBS: GR63, GR1089 level 3.  $\times 900\text{-}24 \times \text{T-N}$  and XEM-12S

#### Safety

Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1

Certification: UL, cUL, TUV

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

EU RoHS Compliant

Country of Origin

Singapore

	rds and Protocols	RFC 9		Reverse ARP		
AlliedWare	Plus™ Operating System Version 5.4.1	RFC 9		Broadcasting Internet Datagrams Broadcasting Internet Datagrams in the	Managa	ment
Authentic	cation	NFC 7	22	presence of subnets	Manage AT Enterpr	
RFC 1321	MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm	RFC 9	25	Multi-LAN ARP	SNMP Trap	
RFC 1828	IP Authentication using Keyed MD5	RFC 9		Subnetwork addressing scheme		ab Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
Border G	ateway Protocol (BGP)	RFC 9	50	Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure	RFC 1155	Structure and Identification of Management
BGP Dynami		RFC 9	51	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) relay and server		Information for TCP/IP-based Internets
BGP Gracefu	• •	RFC 10		Proxy ARP	RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
BGP Outbou	nd Route Filtering	RFC 10		DNS Client	RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions
Extended Co	ommunities Attribute	RFC 10	42	Standard for the transmission of IP	RFC 1213	MIB for Network Management of TCP/
RFC 1771	Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)	RFC 10	71	datagrams over IEEE 802 networks Computing the Internet checksum	RFC 1215	IP-based internets: MIB-II
RFC 1772	Application of the Border Gateway Protocol	RFC 11		Internet Host Requirements	NIC 1213	Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
DEC 1007	in the Internet	RFC 11		Path MTU discovery	RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
RFC 1997 RFC 2385	BGP Communities Attribute Protection of BGP Sessions via the TCP MD5	RFC 12	56	ICMP Router Discovery Messages	RFC 1239	Standard MIB
MIC 2303	Signature Option	RFC 15	18	An Architecture for IP Address Allocation with	RFC 1493	Bridge MIB
RFC 2439	BGP Route Flap Damping			CIDR	RFC 2011	SNMPv2 MIB for IP using SMIv2
RFC 2796	BGP Route Reflection - An Alternative to Full	RFC 15		Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	RFC 2012	SNMPv2 MIB for TCP using SMIv2
	Mesh IBGP	RFC 15	42	Clarifications & Extensions for the Bootstrap	RFC 2013	SNMPv2 MIB for UDP using SMIv2
RFC 2858	Multiprotocol Extensions for BGP-4	DEC 15	01	Protocol	RFC 2096	IP Forwarding Table MIB
RFC 2918	Route Refresh Capability for BGP-4	RFC 15 RFC 17		Domain Name System (DNS) Assigned Numbers	RFC 2574	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
RFC 3065	Autonomous System Confederations for BGP	RFC 18		Requirements for IPv4 Routers	RFC 2575	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
RFC 3107	Carrying Label Information in BGP-4	RFC 19		IP Addressing	RFC 2674	Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges
RFC 3392	Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4	RFC 21		DHCP for IPv4	MC 2071	with Traffic Classes, Multicast Filtering and
RFC 4893	BGP support for Four-octet AS Number Space	RFC 21		DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions		VLAN Extensions
Diagnost	ic Tools	RFC 25		TCP Congestion Control	RFC 2741	Agent Extensibility (AgentX) Protocol
Built-In Self		RFC 30	46	DHCP Relay Agent Information Option (DHCP	RFC 2787	Definitions of Managed Objects for VRRP
Ping Polling				Option 82)	RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1, 2, 3, and 9)
Port Mirrori	ng	RFC 32		Assigned Numbers	RFC 2863	Interfaces Group MIB
Trace Route		RFC 39	93	Subscriber-ID Suboption for DHCP Relay Agent	RFC 3164	Syslog Protocol
Encryptic	n			Option	RFC 3176	sFlow: A Method for Monitoring Traffic in
FIPS 180-1	Secure Hash Standard (SHA-I)	IPv6 I	eat	ures	DEC 2412	Switched and Routed Networks
FIPS 186	Digital Signature Standard (RSA)	6to4 Tu	ınnell	ing	RFC 3412	Message Processing and Dispatching for the SNMP
FIPS 46-3	Data Encryption Standard (DES & 3DES)	IPv4 ar	nd IP	v6 Dual Stack	RFC 3413	SNMP Applications
Ethernet				ment via Ping, TraceRoute, Telnet and SSH	RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
IEEE 802.2	Logical Link Control			t Routes for IPv6	RFC 3635	Definitions of Managed Objects for the Ethernet-
	Ethernet CSMA/CD	RFC 18		DNS Extensions to support IPv6		like Interface Types
	b 1000BASE-T	RFC 18	81	An Architecture for IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation	RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
	d Link Aggregation (static & LACP-based dynamic)	RFC 19	QΙ	Path MTU Discovery for IPv6	RFC 4188	Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges
	e 10 Gigabit Ethernet	RFC 24		IPv6 specification	RFC 4318	Definitions of Managed Objects for Bridges
IEEE 802.3u		RFC 24		Neighbour Discovery for IPv6		with RSTP
	Flow Control - Full Duplex Operation	RFC 24		IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfiguration	RFC 4560	Definitions of Managed Objects for Remote
IEEE 0UZ.3Z	Gigabit Ethernet	RFC 24	64	Transmission of IPv6 Packets over Ethernet		Ping, TraceRoute, and Lookup operations
General I	Routing			Networks	Multicas	t Support
Black Hole	•	RFC 25	26	Reserved IPv6 Subnet Anycast Addresses	Bootstrap	Router for PIM-SM
	oadcast Forwarding	RFC 25		Basic Socket Interface Extensions for IPv6	IGMP Prox	1
DNS Relay		RFC 27		IPv6 Router Alert Option		y Solicitation
•	Multi Path (ECMP) routing	RFC 28	51	Textual Conventions for Internet Work	IGMP Snoo	
Policy-based	9	DEC 20	0.2	Addresses	RFC 1112	Host extensions for IP multicasting
UDP Broadc VRF-Lite	ast neiper	RFC 28	73	Transition Mechanisms for IPv6 Hosts and Routers	RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 30	56	Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds	RFC 2362 RFC 2710	PIM-SM Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) snooping
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 34		Default Address Selection for IPv6	RFC 2715	Interoperability Rules for Multicast Routing
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)	RFC 35		IPv6 Addressing Architecture	MC ZIIJ	Protocols
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC 35		IPv6 Global Unicast Address Format	RFC 3376	IGMPv3
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	RFC 35		DNS Extensions to support IPv6	RFC 3810	Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) snooping
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	RFC 44	43	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	RFC 3973	PIM-DM
	over Ethernet networks				RFC 4541	IGMP & MLD snooping switches

### Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)

Graceful OSPF Restart					
OSPF Link-local Signaling					
OSPF MD5 A	OSPF MD5 Authentication				
OSPF Restart	Signaling				
OSPF TE Ext	ensions				
OSPFv3 TE E	extensions				
Out-of-band	LSDB Resync				
RFC 1245	OSPF protocol analysis				
RFC 1246	Experience with the OSPF protocol				
RFC 1370	Applicability Statement for OSPF				
RFC 1765	OSPF Database Overflow				
RFC 2328	OSPFv2				
RFC 2370	OSPF Opaque LSA Option				
RFC 2740	OSPFv3 for IPv6				
RFC 3101	OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) Option				

Alternative Implementations of OSPF Area Border

RFC 3509

Access Control Lists (ACLs) IEEE 802.1p Priority Tagging

Routers

RFC 2211 Specification of the Controlled-Load Network **Element Service** 

RFC 2474 DiffServ Precedence for 8 queues/port

RFC 2475 DiffServ Architecture

RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) RFC 2697 A Single-Rate Three-Color Marker RFC 2698 A Two-Rate Three-Color Marker RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

#### Resiliency Features

Control Plane Prioritisation (CPP)

Dynamic Link Failover

Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) Loop Protection - Loop Detection Loop Protection - Thrash Limiting

PVST+ compatible STP Root Guard

IEEE 802.1D Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) - MAC Bridges IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)

IEEE 802.1t - 2001 802.1D maintenance

IEEE 802.1w - 2001 Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) RFC 3768 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

### Routing Protocols

Route Maps

Route Redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP) RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6 RFC 2081 RIPng Protocol Applicability Statement

RFC 2082 RIP-2 MD5 Authentication RFC 2453 RIPv2

RPDII Protection

Configurable Guest and Auth Fail VLANs

DHCP Snooping Dynamic VLAN Assignment

IEEE 802.1x Port Based Network Access Control

IEEE 802.1x Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP & MD5)

IEEE 802.1x Multi Supplicant authentication

MAC-based authentication

Port Security Private VLANS SSH Remote Login SSLv2

SSLv3

Strong Password Security TACACS+ Authentication Web-based Authentication TLS Protocol vI.0

RFC 2246 RFC 2865 RADIUS

RFC 2866 **RADIUS Accounting** 

RFC 2868 RADIUS Attributes for Tunnel Protocol Support RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extensions

RFC 3579 RADIUS Support for Extensible Authentication

Protocol (EAP)

RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) Protocol Architecture RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) Authentication Protocol RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) Transport Layer Protocol RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) Connection Protocol

#### Services

Secure Copy (SCP) RFC 854 Telnet protocol specification Telnet Option Specifications RFC 855 RFC 857 Telnet Echo Option RFC 858 Telnet Suppress Go Ahead Option RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option RFC 1305 NTPv4 RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) RFC 1985 SMTP Service Extension RFC 2049 RFC 2554 SMTP Service Extension for Authentication RFC 2616 Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/I.I RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) RFC 2822 Internet Message Format

**Event-based Triggers** Graphical User Interface (GUI) Industry-standard CLI with built-in Help Powerful CLI scripting tool

### VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1ad Provider Bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LANs IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol & port IEEE 802.3ac VLAN tagging

### VoIP Support

LLDP-MED (ANSI/TIA-1057) Voice VLAN

### Ordering Information

Product	Description
AT-x900-24XT-xx	Advanced Gigabit Layer 3 + Expandable Switch 2 x High Speed Expansion Bays + 24 x 10/100/1000BASE-T (RJ-45) ports 1 PWR01-xx PSU
AT-x900-24XT-N-85	NEBS Compliant Advanced Gigabit Layer 3+ Expandable Switch 2 x High Speed Expansion Bays + 24 x 10/100/1000BASE-T (RJ-45) ports 1 DC PWR01-80 PSU
AT-x900-24XS-xx	Advanced Gigabit Layer 3 + Expandable Switch 2 x High Speed Expansion Bays + 24 x 100/1000BASE-X SFP ports 1 PWR01-xx PSU
AT-x900-12XT/S-yy	Advanced Gigabit Layer 3 + Expandable Switch  I x High Speed Expansion Bay + 12 x combo ports (10/100/1000BASE-T copper or SFP)  I fixed AC PSU
AT-PWR01-xx	Hot-swappable load-sharing power supply
AT-FAN01	Fan only module
AT-XEM-1XP	I x 10GbE (XFP) port
AT-XEM-2XP	2 x 10GbE (XFP) ports
AT-XEM-2XS	2 x 10GbE (SFP+) ports
AT-XEM-2XT	2 x 10GbE (RJ-45) ports
AT-XEM-12S	NEBS compliant 12 x 100/1000BASE-X SFP ports
AT-XEM-12T	12 x 10/100/1000BASE-T (RJ-45) ports
AT-XEM-STK	2 x High Speed stacking ports
(Stacking cables sold separately)	
AT-XEM-STK-CBL0.5	Half meter stacking cable
AT-XEM-STK-CBL2.0	Two meter stacking cable

Where xx = 20 for no power cord 60 for all power cords 80 for 48VDC power supply

Where yy = 20 for no power cord \$60\$ for all power cords

### 10GbE SFP+ Modules

### For use with XEM-2XS

Module	Description
AT-SPIOSR	IOGSR 850nm short-haul 300m with MMF
AT-SPIOLR	10GLR 1310nm medium-haul 10km with SMF
Cable	Description
AT-SPIOTWI	I meter SFP+ direct attach cable
AT-SPI0TW3	3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable
AT-SPI0TW7	7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

#### SFP Modules

Module	Description
AT-SPFX/2	100BASE-FX multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2km
AT-SPFX/15	100BASE-FX single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 15km
AT-SPFX/40	100BASE-FX single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 40km
AT-SPFXBD-LC-13	100BASE-BX Bi-Di (1310nm Tx, 1550nm Rx) fiber up to 15km
AT-SPFXBD-LC-15	100BASE-BX Bi-Di (1550nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber up to 15km
AT-SPTX <sup>I</sup>	1000BASE-T 100m Copper
AT-SPSX	1000BASE-SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m
AT-SPSX/I	1000BASE-SX GbE multi-mode 850nm fiber up to 550m Industrial
AT-SPEX	1000BASE-X GbE multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2km
AT-SPLX10	1000BASE-LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 10km
AT-SPLX I 0/I	1000BASE-LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 10km Industrial
AT-SPBD10-13	1000BASE-LX GbE Bi-Di (1310nm Tx, 1490nm Rx) fiber up to 10km
AT-SPBD10-14	1000BASE-LX GbE Bi-Di (1490nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber up to 10km
AT-SPLX40	1000BASE-LX GbE single-mode 1310nm fiber up to 40km
AT-SPZX80	1000BASE-ZX GbE single-mode 1550nm fiber up to 80km

#### 10GbE XFP Modules

For use with XEM-1XP and XEM-2XP

Module	Description	Specifics
AT-XPSR	10GBASE-SR	850nm Short-haul, 300m with MMF
AT-XPLR	10GBASE-LR	1310nm Medium-haul, 10km with SMF
AT-XPER40	10GBASE-ER	1550nm Long-haul, 40km with SMF

### Feature licenses

Name	Description	Includes
AT-FL-X900-01	x900 Advanced Layer 3 license	• OSPF <sup>2</sup> • BGP4 • PIMv4 • VLAN double tagging (Q in Q) • VRF Lite
AT-FL-X900-02	x900 IPv6 Pack	<ul> <li>IPv6 Static Routes</li> <li>IPv6 Management</li> <li>Ipv6 Unicart Forwarding</li> <li>RIPng</li> <li>MLD Snooping</li> <li>OSPFv3</li> </ul>
AT-FL-RADIUS-FULL	Increase local RADIUS server support limits <sup>3</sup>	• 5000 users • 1000 NAS

### **About Allied Telesis**

Allied Telesis is part of the Allied Telesis Group. Founded in 1987, the company is a global provider of secure Ethernet/IP access solutions and an industry leader in the deployment of IP Triple Play networks over copper and fiber access infrastructure. Our POTS-to-10G iMAP integrated Multiservice Access Platform and iMG intelligent Multiservice Gateways, in conjunction with advanced switching, routing and WDM-based transport solutions, enable public and private network operators and service providers of all sizes to deploy scalable, carrier-grade networks for the cost-effective delivery of packet-based voice, video and data services.

Visit us online at www.alliedtelesis.com.

### Service and Support

Allied Telesis provides value-added support services for its customers under its Net.Cover programs. For more information on Net. Cover support programs available in your area, contact your Allied Telesis sales representative or visit our website.

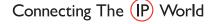
### RoHS

Allied Telesis RoHS-compliant product conforms to the European Union Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in Electrical and Electronic equipment. Allied Telesis ensures RoHS conformance by requiring supplier Declarations of Conformity, monitoring incoming materials, and maintaining manufacturing process controls.

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I The AT-SPTX is not supported on the x900-12XT/S.

<sup>2 64</sup> OSPF routes included in base software.

<sup>3 100</sup> users and 24 NAS can be stored in local RADIUS database with base software.