

CentreCOM® XS900MX Series

Layer 3 10G Stackable Managed Switches

The AT-XS916MXT and AT-XS916MXS switches offer cost effective, high-speed 10G connectivity for servers and storage, and support 100/1000 connections for existing networks. The XS900MX Series enable a highly flexible and reliable network, which can easily scale to meet increasing traffic demands.



Overview

The XS900MX Series are the ideal 10G access switches for enterprise networks or anywhere a relay switch with 10G uplink is required. The switches also make the ideal core or aggregation switch, to connect servers and storage in a small network.

The AT-XS916MXT features 12 x 100/1000/10GBASE-T and 4 x SFP+ slots. The AT-XS916MXS features 4 x 100/1000/10GBASE-T and 12 x SFP+ slots.

Easy management

The XS900MX Series switches feature Allied Telesis Management Framework™ (AMF), a sophisticated suite of management tools that provides a simplified approach to network management.

Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the everyday running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

Resiliency

Ethernet Protection Switching Ring (EPSRing™) and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several XS900MX Series switches to form a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability in enterprise networks.

Stackable

Create a VCStack of two XS900MX Series switches (using 10G SFP+ direct attach cables). VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. With VCStack and the XS900MX Series, up to 28 x 10G ports can be provisioned as a single virtual switch in one rack unit.

Enhanced security

A secure network environment is guaranteed, with powerful control over network traffic types, secure management options, and other multilayered security features built right into the XS900MX Series switches:

- ► Tri-Authentication
- Multiple Dynamic VLAN
- ► Enhanced Guest VLAN
- Auth-fail VLAN
- Promiscuous/intercept web authentication
- ► Two-step web authentication

Advanced security features include:

- Port security
- SSH to secure remote access environment
- DHCP snooping
- RADIUS/TACACS User authentication database
- ► Encryption and authentication of SNMPv3

Key Features

- ➤ Allied Telesis Management Framework™ (AMF) supports autorecovery, zero-touch configuration, and auto-backup
- ► Ethernet Protection Switching Ring (EPSRing™)
- ► RIP and static routing (16 routes)
- ► Mixed hardware Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStackTM)—two units
- Compact size: units can be mounted side by side on optional rackmount bracket
- ► Extended operating temperature: up to 50°C
- ▶ DHCP relay
- ▶ IPv6 management and forwarding
- ► IEEE802.1x/MAC/web authentication support
- ► Loop guard prevents network loops
- ► Front to back cooling









CentreCOM XS900MX Series | Layer 3 10G Stackable Managed Switches

Specifications

Performance

- ▶ 40 Gbps of stacking bandwidth
- ▶ Supports 9216 byte jumbo frames
- Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ Up to 16K MAC addresses
- ▶ 2M Byte Packet Buffer
- ▶ 96 MB flash memory
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs

Power characteristics

▶ 100-240 VAC, 47-63 Hz

Expandability

VCStack two units

Flexibility and compatibility

► Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation

Diagnostic tools

- Find-me device locator
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ▶ Port mirroring
- ► UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)

IP features

- ▶ Black hole routing
- ► RIP and static routing for IPv4 (16 routes)
- ▶ IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ▶ Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- NTP client
- ▶ Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6

Management

- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- ► Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ▶ Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ► Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- ▶ Built-in text editor
- ► Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service (QoS)

 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port

- ► Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- Policy-based QoS on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ► Policy-based storm protection
- Extensive remarking capabilities
- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency features

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ▶ Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with enhanced recovery and SuperLoop Protection (SLP)
- ► Link aggregation (LACP) on LAN ports
- ► Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ▶ PVST+ compatibility mode
- ▶ RRP snooping
- ► Spanning Tree (STP, RSTP, MSTP)
- ▶ STP root guard
- ▶ VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security features

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- Auth-fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ▶ BPDU protection

- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ▶ Dynamic VLAN assignment
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- Secure Copy (SCP)
- Strong password security and encryption
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x

Physical specifications

Dimensions (W x D x H) 32.3 cm x 21.0 cm x 4.3 cm

(12.7 in x 8.3 in x 1.7 in)

Weight: AT-XS916MXT: 2.8 kg (6.1 lb) AT-XS916MXS: 2.7 kg (5.9 lb)

Environmental specifications

- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
- Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating humidity range:5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage humidity range:5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude: 3,000 meters maximum (9,843 ft)

Safety and electromagnetic emissions

RFI (Emissions): FCC Class A, EN55022 Class A,

EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3,

VCCI Class A, RCM

EMC (Immunity): EN55024

Electrical and Laser Safety: UL 60950-1(cULus),

CSA-C22 No. 60950-1 (cULus), EN60950-1 (TUV) EN60852-1 (TUV)

Product specifications

PRODUCT	100/1000/10G BASE-T (RJ-45) COPPER PORT	SFP/SFP+ SL0T	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
AT-XS916MXT	12	4	320Gbps	238Mpps
AT-XS916MXS	4	12	320Gbps	238Mpps

Power and noise characteristics

PRODUCT	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE
AT-XS916MXT	78W	270 BTU/h	42 dBA
AT-XS916MXS	53W	180 BTU/h	42 dBA

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Centr	eCOM XS900MX Series L	_ayer 3 10	UG Stackable Managed Switch	nes
	raphic Algorithms ved Algorithms	RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks	Quality of Service (QoS) IEEE 802.1p Priority tagging
	Block Ciphers):	RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6	RFC 2211 Specification of the controlled-load network
► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)		RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format	element service
		RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6	RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
➤ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)		RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture	RFC 2475 DiffServ architecture
Block Cipher Modes:		RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses	RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
► CCM		RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and	RFC 2697 A single-rate three-color marker
► CMAC			routers	RFC 2698 A two-rate three-color marker
▶ GCM		RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture	RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)
▶ XTS		RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)	
	t 0 A	RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6	Resiliency
	tures & Asymmetric Key Generation:	RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration	IEEE 802.1AXLink aggregation (static and LACP)
► DSA		DEC 5014	(SLAAC)	IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges
► ECDSA		RFC 5014 RFC 5095	IPv6 socket API for source address selection Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6	IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
► RSA		NFC 3093	Deprecation of type o routing neaders in irvo	IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
Secure Hash	ina:	Manage	ment	IEEE 802.3ad Static and dynamic link aggregation
► SHA-1	g.	_	nd SNMP traps	Security
	CIIA OOA CIIA OEC CIIA OOA CIIA E40\	AT Enterpris	•	SSH remote login
,	SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512)	SNMPv1, v		SSLv2 andSSLv3
Message Aut			ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)	TACACS+ accounting and authentication
► HMAC (S	SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)	RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management	IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP
Random Nun	nber Generation:		information for TCP/IP-based Internets	and MD5)
DRBG (H	Hash, HMAC and Counter)	RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication
		RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions	IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control
Non FIPS A	pproved Algorithms	RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based	RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RNG (AES12	8/192/256)		Internets: MIB-II	RFC 2865 RADIUS authentication
DES		RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the	RFC 2866 RADIUS accounting
MD5			SNMP	RFC 3280 Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate
		RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB	Revocation List (CRL) profile
	t Standards	RFC 1239	Standard MIB	RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
	Logical Link Control (LLC)	RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension	RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
IEEE 802.3		RFC 2096 RFC 2578	IP forwarding table MIB	RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
	IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T		Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)	RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3an 10GBASE-T		RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2	RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
	Flow control - full-duplex operation	RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2	RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
	1000BASE-X	RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN	RFC 5246 TLS v1.2
IPv4 sta	ndarde		extensions	Services
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol	RFC 854 Telnet protocol specification
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)	RFC 855 Telnet option specifications
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)	RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB	RFC 857 Telnet echo option
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC 3164	Syslog protocol	RFC 858 Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP	RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams		management frameworks	RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
	over Ethernet networks	RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the	RFC 1985 SMTP service extension
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams		SNMP	RFC 2049 MIME
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the	RFC 3413	SNMP applications	RFC 2131 DHCPv4 client
	presence of subnets	RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3	RFC 2616 Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme	RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for	RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure	DEC 2416	SNMP	RFC 2822 Internet message format
RFC 1027	Proxy ARP	RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP	RFC 4330 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 1035	DNS client	RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP	RFC 5905 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4
RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams	RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP	VI AN ourport
DEC 1071	over IEEE 802 networks	RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the	VLAN support
RFC 1071 RFC 1122	Computing the Internet checksum	111 0 0000	Ethernet-like interface types	IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port
RFC 1122 RFC 1191	Internet host requirements Path MTU discovery	RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	IEEE 802.3ac VLAN tagging
RFC 1256	ICMP router discovery messages	RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	ILLE 002.346 VEAN tagging
RFC 1230	An architecture for IP address allocation with	RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)	Voice over IP (VoIP)
111 0 1010	CIDR		()	LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)	Multica	st support	Voice VLAN
RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)	IGMP query	• •	/ 5. 11.
RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers		oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)	
RFC 1918	IP addressing	IGMP snoop	ping fast-leave	
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control	MLD snoop	ing (MLDv1 and v2)	
	-	RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing	
IPv6 sta	ndards		protocols	

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protocols

RFC 3306 Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses

RFC 4541 IGMP and MLD snooping switches

IPv6 standards

RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460 IPv6 specification

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Ordering information

AT-XS916MXT-xx

12-port 100/1000/10G Base-T (RJ-45) stackable switch with 4 SFP/SFP+slot

AT-XS916MXS-xx

12 SFP/SFP+ slot stackable switch with 4-port 100/1000/10G Base-T (RJ-45)

Where xx = 10 for US power cord

20 for no power cord

30 for UK power cord

40 for Australian power cord

50 for European power cord

Small Form Pluggable (SFP) modules

1000Mbps SFP modules

AT-SPTXa

1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m $\,$

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

10G SFP+ modules

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable, can also be used as a stacking cable $\,$

Accessories

AT-RKMT-J14

Rack mount kit to install one device in a 19-inch equipment rack

AT-RKMT-J15

Rack mount kit to install two devices side by side in a 19-inch equipment rack

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES
AT-FL-XS9X-UDLD	UniDirectional Link Detection	▶ UDLD



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North America Headquarters | 19800 North Creek Parkway | Suite 100 | Bothell | WA 98011 | USA | T: +1 800 424 4284 | F: +1 425 481 3895 Asia-Pacific Headquarters | 11 Tai Seng Link | Singapore | 534182 | T: +65 6383 3832 | F: +65 6383 3830 EMEA & CSA Operations | Incheonweg 7 | 1437 EK Rozenburg | The Netherlands | T: +31 20 7950020 | F: +31 20 7950021